

THE DAILY PUBLIC LEDGER

Published Daily Except Sunday, Fourth of July, Thanksgiving and Christmas by the Ledger Publishing Company, Maysville, Kentucky.

Local and Long Distance Telephone No. 40. Office—Public Ledger Building.
Entered at the Maysville, Kentucky, Postoffice as Second-class Mail Matter.

For President—Charles E. Hughes of New York.
For Vice-President—Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana.
For Congressman—A. J. Pennington of Carter County.

THE GREATEST LABOR LAW IN THE WORLD

A steady job at good pay is what the wage earner must have first. If he hasn't that all the labor laws, so called, in the world will do him no good.

What, in fact, is the greatest labor law in the statutes?

It is not an eight hour law, an anti-injunction law, even a work man's compensation law, however desirable any or all of these may be for the betterment of labor conditions.

The great labor statute of America is the protective tariff law.

Behind the barrier erected by the Republican protective tariffs the American wage earner has worked at the highest wage in the world.

Lower that bulwark, as the Democrats have done whenever in office, and the first thing to go by the board is the wage earners' prosperity. The capitalist can bide his time, confident, that sooner or later the bulwark will be built up again. The wage earner cannot wait. He must bear the brunt of the mistake.

This is not theory. This is history, and recent history. Three years ago, before the European war, a Democratic revision of the tariff downward was producing its usual fruit. In the cities the bread lines shivered and factory doors were closed all over the land. Everywhere working forces were cut down, men and women were glad to be working on part time, and hundreds of thousands could get no steady work. There was a limitation of hours law working then with a vengeance, not an eight-hour law, but a no hour law.

Now there is a change. There is prosperity everywhere and work for every one. Is it because of the Democratic tariff or in spite of it?

It takes very little thought to answer that. The Republican protective tariffs, as distinguished from the Democratic revenue tariffs, were devised to check the importation of foreign goods, which are manufactured more cheaply than ours can be because of low wages paid the foreign workmen. The Democratic tariff was made by politicians who do not believe in protective, and the law did not prevent this unfair competition. American business was suffering the consequences until the war began.

Then Europe had to stop sending us its goods and began to buy enormous supplies from us. The war became our protection and the basis of our renewed prosperity.

When the war is over, or not long after, there will be no more protection than we had before the war from our Democratic tariff.

Does the American wage earner wish to return to the conditions of 1913, or does he wish protection from competition of the low paid labor of Europe?

The Republican protective tariff is the greatest labor law in the world.

If labor considers its own interests and not the politics of many of its leaders, it will vote for the party which supports that law to the full and for its candidate, whose record on labor law no wage earner can justly criticize."

WHEN THE DEMOCRATS WIN ELECTIONS

The Democrats have won every Presidential campaign since Lincoln's day—in September or October. Sometimes elections which have already been won on paper, a little prematurely, are lost on Election day—but a campaign in which the Democrats, at one time or another, were not absolutely sure of victory, would be a doleful affair indeed.

For instance, Senator Ollie James of Kentucky sent a telegram to the President on Sunday which touched the chords of memory. It ran as follows:

"Have been speaking through the West. Never saw anything like the tide to Wilson. He is a certain winner. I believe Ohio will give him 100,000 majority. Kansas, Iowa, Nebraska, Illinois and Indiana are on fire with Wilson enthusiasm. Hughes is licked. Wilson is a certainty."

We encountered this effusion from the big Kentuckian with the thrill that comes from old acquaintance. Surely we had read those words before, in days of pleasant memory. For old times' sake we turned to the files, and there, in an issue for one day toward the end of September, 1908, we came upon the following from the pen of another Kentucky Democrat Henry Watterson:

"Never," so ran Mr. Watterson's words, "has the Republican party faced such conditions as meet it whichever way it turns. All thoughtful onlookers concede that New York is irrevocably lost to it. The nomination of Lilley makes Connecticut a doubtful State. Rhode Island and New Jersey hang in balance. There is both hell and chaos in Ohio. Indiana, thanks to Hanly, is gone past redemption. The prairie fires of an awakened public conscience sweep over Illinois, leaping the Mississippi river into Iowa, crossing the Missouri river into Kansas and Nebraska, impeded only by the tenantless walls of the Rocky mountains, to issue thence again and to swoop down to the golden shores of the Pacific."

Of course nothing like that really happened in 1908. Practically all the States mentioned went Republican in November. Even Mr. Watterson's "hell and chaos in Ohio" did not prevent this State from rolling up a normal Republican majority on election day.

The Democratic party has chosen the middle of October for its Presidential victory of 1916. But that is a very small thing to worry about.—Times-Star.

"HE KEPT US OUT OF WAR"

Mr. Bryan is telling western voters that they ought to be with Wilson as he kept us out of war.

The argument in Mr. Bryan's mouth takes on a comic irony. The last time Mr. Bryan was seen at the state department he was taking a flying leap through the window in a panic fright over Mr. Wilson's bellicose diplomacy.

If Brother Bryan consulted his memory instead of his partisan zeal, he would let other champions discuss the he-kept-us-out-of-war theory. His use of it only emphasizes the fact that if we are not at war it is not because Mr. Wilson kept us out of it.—Chicago Tribune.



NO better way to satisfy an enthusiastic appetite than with Uneeda Biscuit. A delightful food, as appetizing as it is nourishing and wholesome. Perfect baking, perfect protection, they come to you with oven-freshness.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

CAMPAIGN COMMENTS

Gen. Pershing's array continues in fine fettle, "fit for a fight or a frolic." To its credit let it be said it went as far as politics permitted.

Here is reason enough why Mr. Wilson should be defeated. Why should Mr. Hughes be preferred? Gifford Pinchot, the Progressive, answers, giving facts to support his statement: "Hughes is a man of his word. . . . I cannot vote for Wilson because I cannot trust him. He does not do what he says. Hughes does. Therefore my choice is Hughes."

Shadow Lawn, as a residence for the next few weeks, will give its occupant an opportunity to get accustomed to the after-election gloom.

If you had two dollars to invest would you trust it to the business sagacity of Josephus Daniels? Then, why let him handle the millions that are to be spent on the new navy?

Judging by the signs of War Department activity the Administration is cunningly arranging to bring the militiamen home just in time to enable them to vote for Mr. Hughes.

A train of thought on a one-track mind has to be composed of shuttle cars.

Three years ago Woodrow Wilson was explaining that hard times were psychological, but he isn't trying to squirm out of responsibility for the present prosperity.

The disaster to the Memphis caused very little excitement, Americans being used nowadays to seeing the navy on the rocks.

This Democratic Congress has passed into history—profane history.

President Wilson's speech of acceptance could have been phrased even more succinctly in the graphic words of Boss Tweed, "What are you going to do about it?"

We see by the interviews with the Mexican commissioners that the campaign slogan this year in the Sonora bandit belt is "Thank God for Woodrow Wilson."

Mr. Wilson's eulogy of Lincoln at Hodgenville was more literary but less sincere than the one he pronounced upon himself at Shadow Lawn.

The new half dollars will have an olive branch on one side and on the other an eagle, in full flight. Wilson money.

Motto of the McAdoo shipping law: "The sun never rises on the American flag."

A Democrat's idea of an ideal watchdog of the Treasury is a Pommeranian.

Mr. Wilson is now busily engaged working the other side of the suffrage street.

The campaign agents who two years ago were busily engaged thanking God for Woodrow Wilson seem to be taking their vacations just now.

A record wasn't the only thing the late Congress broke—there's the Federal Treasury.

Congress didn't want a Tariff Commission composed of \$12,000 men, those \$7,500 salaries being designed for \$1,200 men.

President Wilson's scheme for commissions for everything has been adroitly planned to make three jobs for deserving Democrats grow where only one would grow before.

Vice-President Marshall says Mr. Hughes is an echo of the past. Quite true. Of statesmanship, of patriotic performance and safe legislation.

First fruits of the Adamson bill: The New York street car strike.

LABOR VOTE NOT DELIVERABLE

This is the Outstanding Fact Which Political Philosophers Deduce From the Defeat in Maine of Representative McGillicuddy.

From among the numerous lessons or conclusions which the political philosophers can draw from the Maine election one lesson or conclusion stands out more sharply defined than any other. It jumps at you.

The labor vote, for the sake of which the Poltroon Congress tarred and feathered itself with its own hands only a dozen days ago, is not deliverable by the traders who pretended to sell it.

This salient fact of the election is illustrated conspicuously in the Second Congress district. There are few places within the confines of our republic where labor is relatively stronger than in the city of Lewiston, the home city of Representative McGillicuddy, and he has made a specialty of it in his own political practice. In the Second Maine, if anywhere, would there be indications of any return, in the shape of votes, for the surrender of Congress to the four Brotherhoods.

After a campaign which might almost be called desperate in its effort to save McGillicuddy and one Democratic seat in the House from the Republican onset, Mr. McGillicuddy was defeated by an adverse plurality of nearly 400, whereas he had been elected to the Sixty-second Congress by a plurality of 1,389 and to the Sixty-third by 1,281.

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS SICK?

Many Maysville People Have Kept Well By Keeping Their Kidneys Well.

The first symptom of kidney trouble may be only a slight pain in the back, a feeling of stiffness or soreness in the loins, or some annoying irregularity of the urinary passages. Urine is often discolored and perhaps sediment gathers upon standing. Next may come a dull, throbbing backache, sharp, knife-like pains, headaches, dizziness and in many cases, lameness when arising in the morning. No one can afford to delay until these troubles become serious. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills, the tried and tested kidney remedy that has won the praise of thousands. Maysville readers should find convincing proof of merit in the following statement. It's from a resident of this locality.

A. Sorries, locksmith, Aberdeen, O., says: "The action of my kidneys was irregular and the kidney secretions contained sediment. I had backache and when stooping, it was hard for me to straighten up. Colds always settled on my kidneys. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they stopped the trouble and my kidneys became strong."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sorries had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

TO THE HOUSEWIVES

OF MASON, FLEMING, ROBERTSON AND BRACKEN COUNTIES—AND ALL OTHER COUNTIES WHERE BREAD IS USED:

Come into our store or any grocery store where our bread is sold and lay down a dime for a ten cent loaf of bread or bread. Take it home and eat it. If it is not the best bread you ever tasted come to our store and tell us about it and we will gladly refund your money to you. Remember that the bigger the loaf, the better the quality.

The price may change but the quality always remains the same.

TRAXEL'S
"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY"

NOT AN EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

Recent Hold-Up Legislation Does Not Shorten Workday a Minute.

As a matter of fact, it is not an eight-hour law at all. It does not curtail the trainmen's workday by a single minute. If an engineer has been receiving \$5 for working ten hours a day, this law will raise his pay to \$6.25; but it will not shorten his workday even the tenth part of a second. This is no more like the true eight-hour principle than chalk is like cheese.

The reason why people call this an eight-hour law is because it says that in the case of railroad trainmen they shall get their day's pay for the first eight hours' work, and all the rest is to be considered overtime.

Do not tell me that this strike could not have been called off or postponed if President Wilson had shown that he meant business. I do not for one minute believe that those four brotherhood leaders started the blaze going without knowing how to put it out. One of them admitted that he could put it out so far as his own brotherhood was concerned, but that his followers would think that he had gone back on them if he were to do so.—Statement of Congressman A. P. Gardner.

A man is blown by the company his wife keeps.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO

Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Catarrh Cure for Catarrh.

John W. Porter

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Office Phone 37. Home Phone 14.

17 East Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

Special Election Notice

In obedience to an order of the Mason County Court, entered at the September term, 1916, notice is hereby given that an election will be held and poll taken in Mason county, Kentucky, at the usual and regular voting places in each of the precincts, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.

Between the hours of 6 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on said date, at which election all legal voters residing in said precincts, shall be given an opportunity to vote by secret ballot on the question whether the Fiscal Court of Mason county shall be composed of three Commissioners to be elected from the county at large and the Judge of the County Court.

The order calling said election specifying its purpose and directing the manner in which same shall be held, is as follows:

MASON COUNTY COURT.

September Term, September 4, 1916.

Alfred M. Peed, et al., On Petition.

ORDER.

This day came Alfred M. Peed and others and filed a written petition signed by eight hundred and forty-one of the legal voters of Mason county, requesting the Judge of the Mason County Court to submit to the qualified voters of Mason county, at the next general election hereafter to be held the question, "whether the Fiscal Court of Mason county shall be composed of three Commissioners, to be elected from the county at large, and the Judge of the County Court," and it appearing that said petition is signed by more than three hundred and fifty of the legal voters of Mason county, and the court being advised, it is therefore ordered and directed that the officers of the election in all the voting precincts in Mason county shall open a poll and take the sense of the legal voters in said county upon said question, said election to be held on Tuesday, November 7th, 1916, between the hours of 6 a. m. and 4 p. m. The Clerk of the Mason County Court shall furnish the Sheriff of Mason county a copy of this order, and said Sheriff shall cause the same to be published in all the county papers not less than four weeks previous to said election and he shall also advertise the same by printed handbills, posted not less than two weeks before said election in a conspicuous place in each of the voting precincts in said county. It is further ordered and directed that the Clerk of the Mason County Court shall prepare ballots to be used at said election, each ballot to have printed thereon the question: "ARE YOU IN FAVOR OF THE FISCAL COURT OF THE COUNTY BEING COMPOSED OF THREE COMMISSIONERS TO BE ELECTED FROM THE COUNTY AT LARGE AND THE JUDGE OF THE COUNTY COURT?"

Given under my hand, at my office, in the City of Maysville, Mason county, Kentucky, this 20th day of September, 1916.

JOHN H. CLARKE,

Sheriff of Mason County.

Go To the New York Store For Your FALL GOODS

New Suits, new Hats, new Coats. Our stocks are always freshened up. The price we put on our goods make them move in a hurry. And our sales in these departments have been very large.

Another lot of the \$11.98 Suits; others ask \$15.00. Another load of hats in for Saturday.

Our prices on Dress Goods and our Underwear have not been advanced.

CORSETS

We are the exclusive agents for the Kabo and Justite, none better, 50c and up.

SHOES

We have a good assortment latest style \$1.49, \$1.98, \$5.00 Lace Boots \$3.50.

NEW YORK STORE

S. STRAUS, Proprietor. Phone 571.



GARAGE We Serve You Best

You can't afford to keep a good car in an unfit place. We can provide safe, clean and convenient storage for a limited number of machines. Right now is the time to see about it so you will be sure to get a place. Or if you want a cover for the car we will serve you best.

OAKLAND - DODGE - OLDSMOBILE

Keith & Stephenson

MAYSVILLE'S LEADING GARAGE -



IF NOT THIS THEN THIS

You may not be able to get away to the lakes or mountains this summer to enjoy the natural breeze. Your next best way to find comfort is an ELECTRIC FAN. It will keep you cool and comfortable day and night all summer at less than half a cent an hour.

ELECTRIC SHOP

Of Maysville Gas Co., Incorporated



Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

NEW PRICES AUGUST 1, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916:

Chassis	\$325.00
Runabout	345.00
Touring Car	360.00
Coupelet	505.00
Town Car	595.00
Sedan	645.00

t. a. b. Detroit

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

CENTRAL GARAGE COMPANY

WHY NOT TRY A LEDGER WANT AD?

COMING FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20
Matinee 2:30 and 4 P. M.
Evening at 7:15 and 8:30

We Want 1,000 Children To See
This Great Fairy Picture. You
Also See the "Fairy Queen"

Marguerite Clark

Don't Miss It
Don't Miss It
Don't Miss It

THE WASHINGTON